Divorce Potition No: 29/191

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KCLOPA DAMATAU

- Petitioner

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SETE MAU SEINT BOLE - Respondent

- Co-Respondent

THIS DETITION in respect of maintenance and demages for adultery having been tried before Ir Justice Webster without a jury at Meiafu, and Ir Justice Webster having this day ordered that the judgment which follows be entered for the Petitioner.

TH IN ADJUNCAD THAT -

- 1. The Respondent Sete Hau do pay to the Petitioner Kolopa Lomatau the sum of six hundred pa'anga (\$600) per year as maintenance, payable by monthly instalments of \$50 on the 1st of each month starting on 1st May, 1991, until the remarriage of the Petitioner.
- 2. The Co-Respondent Scini Sole do pay to the Fetitioner Rolopa Lamatau the sum of Three hundred palanga (\$300) as damages for her adultery with the Respondent.

Dated: 23rd April, 1991

THE THE SUPERMS COURT OF TONG DIVORCE JURISDICTION VAVATU REGESTRY

We sur co-Reford adulted pv aan Divorce Petition No.29/1991

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P. I. JALAL LLM (Hons) (NZ)

BUTJEEN:

U.R-"Initiated &

KOLOPA LAMATAU

AND:

SETTE LAU

Respondent

AND:

SEINI SOLE

Co-Respondent

HEARD BEFORE MR JUSTICE TEDSTER AT NEIAFU ON 18TH AND 19TH APRIL 1991

DECISION ON FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS AND CLAIM FOR DANAGES FOR ADULTERY

In this Petition the Petitioner Kolopa Lamatau sought a divorce on the grounds of the adultery of her husband, the Respondent Sete Mau, with the Co-Respondent Seini Sole. This was admitted by the Respondent and the Co-Respondent and decree misi of divorce was granted on 18th April.

In the course of the hearing it was also agreed between the parties that Jete should pay maintenance to Kolopa of \$600 per year payable in monthly instalments of \$50. I therefore award this sum to Kolopa for maintenance under section 153 of the Divorce Act, to be paid by monthly instalments of \$50 on the 1st day of each month, Starting on 1st May, 1991. Under section 158(3) the order will cease if Kolopa remarries.

Holopa also claimed demages of \$1000 from Seini for the adultery. The law on claims for damages for adultery is set out in a judgment of this Court in 'Afa v Tali and Sifa, (D57/90) and I chall not repeat it. The basis of the claim has to be that the Pelitioner has lost her husband: the damages will be awarded as compensation and not as punishment and are based on the actual value of the husband in terms of money and companionship; and on compensation for the injury to the letitioner's feelings, honour and funily life. The amount of any award is in the discretion of the . Court and damages are not now narrally awarded unless there is evidence that the Co-Respondent's conduct brought about the eg -tion.

In brief Kolopa will be entitled to damages for all that she has look if the Court is satisfied that Seini has taken away her hasband from her. After hearing all the evidence I am patisfied that this is indeed the case and that the Co-Respondent Seini's conduct did bring about the separation of Sete and Kolopa, at least in part.

Because Sete is an adult man and had a free choice in the matter he is also to blame, but even looking at the evidence of him and Seini I believe that Seini had a major part in it, contrary to the normal relationship between men and women in Tonga.

It is very significant that Seini, who is also married without children, separated from her husband only in January 1990. accept that by September 1990, when all this started, she would be feeling lonely and looking around for a boyfriend, as she herself It is therefore highly probable that she was the initiator of the adultery.

I also accept that Seini and Sete's trip to Toula with the tape recorder was the start of the affair. Seini actually went and told Kolopa and Litea that it was she who asked Sete to go with her, and she confirmed in cross-examination that it was her, even though she later denied this. While Sete said it was him, he also told the Court she told him to come with her to Toula. There were large parts of Sete's evidence which were clearly unreliable and even Seini admitted that his evidence was not in order: overall they each gave two versions of what happened, indicating they were trying to hide something in their evidence.

Then a week or so later when Kolopa chased Sete away from their home and he went to live at Leni Tui's, Seini came to him with food and blankets and did his washing. Leni gave evidence of this and Seini and Sete admitted it. I accept that Sete by that time was encouraging her, but I believe she took much of the initiative in doing that and so was substantially responsible for the break-up of Kolopa and Sete's marriage.

Kolopa and Sete had been married for 10 years and although they had no children there was no evidence of any serious disharmony before this time. They have 2 fester children who remain with Kolopa but she is not asking any maintenance for them.

Having started the break-up. Soing then kept up her pressure by accepting to be serious friends if Sete would divorce Kolopa. Soing continued by following Sete to Tongatapu and then to Toula on their return to Vava'u, so making any chance of reconciliation between Kolopa and Sete impossible. As I am doubtful about Sete's evidence I do not accept what he said that he and Kolopa agreed to separate permanently when he went to Tongatapu.

It was accepted in evidence that Sete earned maybe \$100 or \$200 a week from finhing and Sete admitted that Lolopa now has no source of income.

In making the award of damages to Kolopa against Seini it is right to take into account the maintenance which I have already awarded her, and also Seini's evidence of her income from weaving of \$60 per month, even if this may be too low an estimate.

I shall therefore award damages of \$300 to Holopa against Seini. This is less than the \$1000 claimed because the break-up was not entirely Jeini's fault and because of the maintenance already awarded, and I believe in all the circumstances it is a fair award to Folopa for what she has lost. I am fortified in this view when I find that it is the same as actually offered by the Co-Respondent in another case before me.

Dated: 23rd April, 1991



May Welster

Counsel - Petitioner: Vaipulu

- Respondent & Co-Respondent: Tu'ipulotu