NITIJELA (OF THE MARSHALL ISLAND	
23 rd CONST	TITUTIONAL REGULAR SESSION, 2002	BILL NO: <u>103N.D.2</u>
		P.L. 2002-67
•	AN ACT	
	international cooperation in investigations and d for related purposes.	prosecutions of serious
BE IT ENA	CTED BY THE NITIJELA OF THE MAR	SHALL ISLANDS:
	Part I - Preliminary	
Section 1.	Short title.	
This A	Act may be cited as the "Mutual Assistance in C	Criminal Matters Act, 20
Section 2.	Commencement.	
This Ac	et shall take effect on the date of certification	in accordance with Artic
section 21 of	f the Constitution.	
Section 3.	Purpose.	
The purp	oose of this Act is to enable the Republic of the	e Marshall Islands to coc
with foreign	countries in criminal investigations and proced	edings.
Section 4.	Application.	
This A	ct applies to the Republic of the Marshall Is	ands and to any foreign
that has an	arrangement with or enters into a reciproca	al agreement on assistan
criminal mat	ters with the RMI.	
Section 5.	Interpretations.	
(1) U	Inless the subject or context otherwise requires	s, in this Act:
	(a) "appeal" includes proceedings by way	of discharging or setting a

1	a judgment, and an application for a new trial or for a stay of execution;
2	(b) "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the RMI and
3	includes the Deputy Attorney General or Assistant Attorney General to whom the
4	Attorney General may delegate authority to carry out specific duties and
5	responsibilities of the Attorney General established by the Act.
6	(c). "data" means representations, in any form, of information or
7	concepts;
8	(d) "document" means any record of information and any material on
9	which data is recorded or marked and which is capable of being read or
10	understood by a person, computer system or other device, and includes:
11	(i) anything on which there is writing;
12	(ii) anything on which there are marks, figures, symbols, or
13	perforations having meaning for persons qualified to interpret them;
14	(iii) anything from which sounds, images or writings can be
15	produced, with or without the aid of anything else; or
16	(iv) a map, plan, drawing, photograph or similar thing;
17	(e). "foreign confiscation order" means an order, made by a court in a
18	foreign country, for the purposes of the:
19	(i) confiscation or forfeiture of property in connection with;
20	or
21	(ii) recovery of the proceeds of,
22	a serious offense;

BILL NO: <u>103 N.D.2</u>

1	(f) "foreign restraining order" means an order made in respect of a
2	serious offense by a court in a foreign country for the purpose of restraining a
3	particular person or all persons from dealing with property;
4	(g) "foreign country" means:
5	(i) any country other than the Republic of the Marshall
6	Islands; and
7	(ii) every constituent part of such country, including a
8	territory, dependency or protectorate, or political subdivision which
9	administers its own laws relating to international cooperation;
10	(h) "High Court" means the High Court of the RMI.
11	(i) "interest," in relation to property, means a:
12	(i) legal or equitable estate or interest in the property; or
13	(ii) right, power or privilege in connection with the property,
14	whether present or future and whether vested or contingent;
15	(j) "person" means any natural or legal person;
16	(k) "place" includes any land (whether vacant, enclosed or built upon,
17	or not), and any premises;
18	(l) "premises" includes the whole or any part of a structure, building,
19	aircraft, or vessel;
20	(m) "proceedings" means any procedure conducted by or under the
21	supervision of a judge, magistrate or judicial officer however described in
22	relation to any alleged or proven offense, or property derived from such offense,

1	and includes an inquiry, investigation, or preliminary or final determination of
2	facts;
3	(n) "proceeds of crime" means fruits of a crime, or any property
4	derived or realized directly or indirectly from a serious offense and includes, on a
5	proportional basis, property into which any property derived or realized directly
6	from the offense was later successively converted, transformed or intermingled, as
7	well as income, capital or other economic gains derived or realized from such
8	property at any time since the offense;
9	(o) "property" means real or personal property of every description,
10	whether situated in the RMI or elsewhere and whether tangible or intangible, and
11	includes an interest in any such real or personal property;
12	(p) "RMI" means the Republic of the Marshall Islands;
13	(q) "serious offense" means an offense against a provision of:
14	(i) any law of the RMI, which is a criminal offense punishable by
15	imprisonment for a term of more than one year;
16	(ii) a law of a foreign country, in relation to acts or omissions,
17	which had they occurred in the RMI, would have constituted a criminal
18	offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year;
19	(2) A reference in this Act to the law of:
20	(a) the RMI; or,
21	(b) any foreign country,

1	includes a reference to a written or unwritten law of, or in force in, any part of the RMI
2	or that foreign country, as the case may be.
3	Part II Mutual Assistance
4	Section 6. Authority of the RMI to make requests mutual legal assistance.
5	A request for international assistance in criminal matter that is authorized to be
6	made by the RMI shall be made by the Attorney General.
7	Section 7. Mutual legal assistance requests by the RMI.
8	The Attorney General may pursuant to the authorization granted under section 6
9	request the appropriate authority of a foreign country to:
10	(1) have evidence taken, or documents or other articles produced in evidence in
11	the foreign country;
12	(2) obtain and execute search warrants or other lawful instruments authorizing a
13	search for things believed to be located in that foreign country, which may be relevant to
14	investigations or proceedings in the RMI, and if found, seize them;
15	(3). locate or restrain any property believed to be the proceeds of crime located in
16	the foreign country;
17	(4) confiscate any property believed to be located in the foreign country, which is
18	the subject of a confiscation order made under any law in place in the RMI for the
19	purpose of preventing money laundering or realizing proceeds of crime.
20	(5) transmit to the RMI any such confiscated property or any proceeds realized
21	therefrom, or any such evidence, documents, articles or things;
22	(6) transfer in custody to the RMI a person detained in the foreign country who

1	consents to assist the RMI in the relevant investigation or proceedings;					
2	(7) provide any other form of assistance in any investigation commenced or					
3	proceeding instituted in the RMI that involves or is likely to involve the exercise of a					
4	coercive power over a person or property believed to be in the foreign country; or					
5	(8) permit the presence of nominated persons during the execution of any request					
6	made under this Act.					
7	Section 8. Authority of the RMI to grant requests for mutual legal assistance.					
8	(1) A request to the RMI by a foreign country fro international assistance					
9	shall be made in writing to the Attorney General or a person authorized by the Attorney					
10	General to receive requests by foreign countries.					
11	(2) If a foreign country or administrative authority of a country makes a					
12	request that is authorized by this Act, to any person or authority in the RMI other than the					
13	Attorney General;					
14	(a) such person or authority in the RMI must refer the request to the					
15	Attorney General; and					
16	(b) the request is then taken for the purposes of this Act to have been					
17	made to the Attorney General.					
18 19	Section 9. Contents of requests by foreign Countries for mutual legal Assistance					
20	(1) A request for mutual assistance shall:					
21	(a) state the name of the authority conducting the investigation or					
22	proceeding to which the request relates;					
23	(b) give a description of the nature of the criminal matter and a statement					

1	setting-out a summary of the relevant facts and laws together with a copy of the
2	laws being referenced;
3	(c) give a description of the purpose of the request and of the nature of the
4	assistance being sought;
5	(d) in the case of a request to restrain or forfeit assets believed on
6	reasonable grounds to be located in the foreign country, give details of the
7	offense in question, particulars of any investigation or proceeding commenced in
8	respect of the offense, and be accompanied by a copy of any relevant restraining
9	or forfeiture order;
10	(e) give details of any procedure that the requesting country wishes to be
11	followed by the RMI in giving effect to the request, particularly in the case of a
12	request to take evidence;
13	(f) include a statement setting-out any wishes of the requesting country
14	concerning any confidentiality relating to the request and the reasons for those
15	wishes;
16	(g) give details of the period within which the requesting country wishes
17	the request to be complied with;
18	(h) where applicable, give details of the property to be traced, restrained,
19	seized or confiscated, and of the grounds for believing that the property is
20	believed to be in the RMI; and
21	(i) give any other information that may assist in giving effect to the
22	request.

1	(2) A request for mutual assistance from a foreign country may be granted, if
2	necessary after consultation, notwithstanding that the request, as originally made, does
3	not comply with subsection (1).
4	Section 10. Considerations for grant of request for mutual legal assistance.
5	(1) The Attorney General may, in respect of any request from a foreign country
6	for international assistance in any investigation commenced or proceeding instituted in
7	that foreign country relating to a serious offense:
8	(a) grant the request, in whole or in part, on such terms and conditions as
9	the Attorney General thinks fit;
10	(b) refuse the request, in whole or in part, on the ground that, in the
11	opinion of the Attorney General, to grant the request would be likely to prejudice
12	the sovereignty, security or other essential or public interest of the RMI or would
13	result in manifest unfairness or a denial of human rights, or it is otherwise
14	appropriate in all circumstances of the case, that the assistance requested should
15	not be granted, in whole or in part; or
16	(c) after consulting with the competent authority of the foreign country,
17	postpone the request, in whole or in part, on the ground that granting the request
18	immediately would be likely to prejudice the conduct of an investigation or
19	proceeding in the RMI.
20	Section 11. Foreign requests for evidence-gathering order or a search warrant.
21	(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, where the Attorney
22	General grants a request by a foreign country to obtain evidence in the RMI, an

1	authorized person may apply to the High Court for:
2	(a). a search warrant; or
3	(b). evidence-gathering order.
4	(2) The High Court upon application made under subsection (1) of this section,
5	may issue an evidence-gathering order or a search warrant under this subsection, where it
6	is satisfied that there is probable cause to believe that:
7	(a) a serious offense has been or may have been committed against the
8	laws of the foreign country;
9	(b) evidence relating to that offense may:
10	(i). be found in a building, receptacle or place in the RMI; or
11	(ii). be able to be given by a person believed to be in the RMI;
12	(c) in the case of an application for a search warrant, it would not, in all
13	the circumstances, be more appropriate to grant an evidence-gathering order.
14	(3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(a), a statement contained in the foreign
15	request to the effect that a serious offense has been or may have been committed against
16	the law of the foreign country is prima facie evidence of that fact.
17	(4) An evidence-gathering order:
18	(a) shall provide for the manner in which the evidence is to be obtained
19	in order to give proper effect to the foreign request, unless such manner is
20	prohibited under the law of the RMI, and in particular, may require any person
21	named therein to:
22	(i) make a record from data or make a copy of a record;

	P	1		1	M	1		10	7
- 1	١.	L	•	M	טע	O	_	W	- /

1	(ii) attend court to give evidence on oath or otherwise until
2	excused;
3	(iii) produce to the High Court or to any person designated by the
4	Court, any thing, including any document, or copy thereof; or
5	(b) may include such terms and conditions, as the High Court considers
6	desirable, including those relating to the interests of the person named therein or
7	of third parties.
8	(5) A person named in an evidence-gathering order may refuse to answer a
9	question or to produce a document or thing where the refusal is based on:
10	(a) a law currently in force in the RMI;
11	(b) a privilege recognized by a law in force in the foreign country that
12	made the request; or
13	(c) a law currently in force in the foreign country that would render the
14	answering of that question or the production of that document or thing by that
15	person in the person's own jurisdiction an offense.
16	(6) Where a person refuses to answer a question or to produce a document or
17	thing pursuant to subsection (5)(b) or(c), the High Court shall report the matter to the
18	Attorney General who shall notify the foreign country and request the foreign country to
19	provide a written statement on whether the person's refusal was well-founded under the
20	law of the foreign country.
21	(7) Any written statement received by the Attorney General from the foreign
22	country in response to a request under subsection (6) shall be admissible in the evidence-

1	gathering proceedings,	and for the purposes	s of this section	be determinative	of whether
2	the person's refusal is	well-founded under	the foreign law	7.	

- (8) A person who, without reasonable excuse, refuses to comply with a lawful order of the High Court made under this section, or who having refused pursuant to subsection (5), continues to refuse notwithstanding the admission into evidence of a statement under subsection (7) to the effect that the refusal is not well-founded, commits a contempt of court and may be punished accordingly.
 - (9) A search warrant shall be in the usual form in which a search warrant is issued in the RMI, varied to the extent necessary to suit the case.

- (10) No document or thing seized and ordered to be sent to a foreign country shall be sent until the Attorney General is satisfied that the foreign country has agreed to comply with any terms or conditions imposed in respect of the sending abroad of the document or thing.
- (11) The High Court shall be authorized to adopt, recognize and enforce foreign court orders certified or under seal, which orders shall be presumed to be valid in the absence of any evidence to the contrary.
- 17 <u>Section 12.</u> Foreign requests for consensual transfer of detained persons.
 - (1) Where the Attorney General approves a request of a foreign country to have a person, who is detained in custody in the RMI by virtue of a sentence or order of a court, transferred to a foreign country to give evidence or assist in an investigation or proceeding in that country relating to a serious offense, an authorized person may apply to the High Court for a transfer order.

1	(2) The High Court upon application made under subsection (1) may make a
2	transfer order under this subsection where it is satisfied, having considered any
3	documents filed or information given in support of the application, that the detained
4	person consents to the transfer.
5	(3) A transfer order made under subsection (2):
6	(a) shall set out the name of the detained person and the person's current
7	place of confinement;
8	(b) shall order the person who has custody of the detained person to
9	deliver the detained person into the custody of a person who is designated in the
10	order or who is a member of the class of persons so designated;
11	(c) shall order the person who is to take custody of the detained person, to
12	take the detained person to the foreign country and, on return of the detained
13	person to the RMI, to return that person to a place of confinement in the RMI
14	specified in the order, or to such other place of confinement as the Attorney
15	General may subsequently notify the foreign country;
16	(d) shall state the reasons for the transfer; and
17	(e) shall fix the period of time at or before the expiration of which the
18	detained person must be returned, unless varied for the purposes of the request by
19	the Attorney General.
20	(4) The time spent in custody by a person pursuant to a transfer order shall count
21	toward any sentence required to be served by that person, so long as the person remains
22	in such custody and is of good behavior.

Section 13.	Detention	of persons	transferred	to the RMI.
-------------	-----------	------------	-------------	-------------

2 (1) The Attorney General may by written notice authorize:

- (a) the temporary detention in the RMI of a person in detention in a foreign country who is to be transferred from that State to the RMI pursuant to a request under section 7(6), for such period as may be specified in the notice; and
 - (c) the return of the person to the custody of the foreign country when his or her presence is no longer required.
- (2) A person in respect of whom a notice is issued under subsection (1) shall so long as the notice is in force:
 - (a) be permitted to enter and remain in the RMI for the purposes of the request, and be required to leave the RMI when no longer required for those purposes, notwithstanding any RMI law to the contrary; and
 - (b) while in custody in the RMI for the purposes of the request, be deemed to be in lawful custody.
- (3) The Attorney General may at any time vary a notice issued under subsection (1), and where the foreign country requests the release of the person from custody, either immediately or on a specified date, the Attorney General shall direct that the person be released from custody accordingly; provided, however, that the Attorney General may require the immediate departure of that person from the RMI if such departure is determined to be in the best interest of the nation.
- (4) Any person who escapes from lawful custody while in the RMI pursuant to a request under section 7(6) may be arrested without warrant by any authorized person and

1	returned to	the custo	dy authorized	d under	subsection	(1)(a)	of this	section.

- 2 (5) Where a foreign country has requested that a person be detained in the RMI
 3 in the course of transit between the foreign country and a third country and the Attorney
 4 General grants the request, the provisions of this section shall apply with necessary
- 5 changes in points of detail in relation to that person.
- 6 (6) No court in the RMI has jurisdiction to entertain any application by or on behalf of any person in the RMI pursuant to a request under section 7(6) relating to release from custody or continued presence in the RMI after his or her presence is no longer required for the purpose of the request.

10 Section 14. Safe conduct guarantee.

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

- (1) Where a person, whether or not a detained person, is in the RMI in response to a request by the Attorney General to a foreign country under this Act for such person to give evidence in a proceeding or to assist in an investigation, prosecution or related proceeding, the person shall not, while in the RMI, be:
 - (a) detained, prosecuted or punished; or
- 16 (b) subjected to civil process,
 - in respect of any act or omission that occurred before the person's departure from the foreign country pursuant to the request. Provided however that this section shall not preclude the person by voluntary agreement and consent, from entering into a stipulated settlement or resolution of any criminal charges pending in the RMI, or of any civil or criminal matter.
 - (2) Subsection (1) ceases to apply to the person when the person leaves the RMI,

1	or has had the opportunity to leave, but remains in the RMI for 10 days after the Attorney
2	General has notified the person that he or she is no longer required for the purposes of
3	the request.
4	Section 15. Foreign requests for RMI restraining orders.
5	(1) Where a foreign country requests the Attorney General to obtain the issuance
6	of a restraining order against property some or all of which is believed to be located in
7	the RMI; criminal proceedings have begun in the foreign country in respect of a serious
8	Offense; and there is probable cause to believe that the property relating to the offense or
9	belonging to the defendant or the defendant's coconspirators is located in the RMI, the
10	Attorney General may apply to the High Court for a restraining order under subsection
11	(2).
12	(2) Where the Attorney General makes application to the High Court under
13	subsection (1), the Court may make a restraining order in respect of the property, as
14	requested by the Attorney General, in relation to the application and to any restraining
15	order issued as a result, as if the serious offense that is the subject of the order had been
16	committed in the RMI.
17 18 19	Section 16. Requests for enforcement of foreign confiscation or restraining orders.
20	(1) Where a foreign country requests the Attorney General to make arrangements
21	for the enforcement of a:
22	(a) foreign restraining order; or
23	(b) foreign confiscation order,

P.L. 2002-67						
116 d DOX - Col	D	1		7	AAA	1 -1
	11	4	è	d	UUZ-	101

1	the Attorney General may apply to the High Court of the RMI for entry and enforcemen
2	of the order under this Act or under any law in place in the RMI for the purpose o
3	preventing money laundering or realizing proceeds of crime.
4	(2) The High Court shall, on application by the Attorney General, enter and
5	enforce a foreign restraining order, if the Court is satisfied that at the time of entry and
6	registration, the order is in force in the foreign country.
7	(3) The High Court shall, on application by the Attorney General, enter and
8	enforce a foreign confiscation order, which is legally capable of enforcement in the RMI,
9	if the Court is satisfied that:
10	(a) at the time of entry and enforcement, the order is in force in the
11	foreign country and is not subject to appeal; and
12	(b) where the person the subject of the order did not appear in the
13	confiscation proceedings in the foreign country, that:
14	(i) the person was given notice of the proceedings in sufficient
15	time to enable him or her to defend them; or
16	(ii) the person had absconded or had died before such notice
17	could be given, and if the person died, the decedent's estate was given fair
18	notice of the proceedings.
19	(4) For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), a statement contained in the
20	foreign request to the effect that:
21	(a) the foreign restraining order is in force in the foreign country;
22	(b) the foreign confiscation order is in force in the foreign country and is

not	sub	iect	to	apr	eal;	OI
1100	540		-	~P}	,	01

- (c) the person the subject of the foreign confiscation order was given notice of the proceedings in sufficient time to enable him or her to defend them, or that the person had absconded or died before such notice could be given and if the person died, the decedent's estate was given fair notice of the proceedings, is prima facie evidence of those facts, without proof of the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed the foreign request.
- (5) Where a foreign restraining order or foreign confiscation order is entered for enforcement in accordance with this section, a copy of any amendments made to the order in the foreign country (whether before or after entry and enforcement), may be entered and enforced in the same way as the order, but shall not have effect for the purposes of the Banking Amendment Act 2002, until they are so entered and enforced.
- (6) The High Court shall, on application by the Attorney General rescind entry of:
 - (a) a foreign restraining order, if it appears to the Court that the order has ceased to have effect.
 - (b) a foreign confiscation order, if it appears to the Court that the order has been satisfied or has ceased to have effect.
- (7) Subject to subsection (9), where the foreign restraining order or foreign confiscation order comprises a facsimile copy of a duly authenticated foreign order, or amendment made to such an order, the facsimile shall be regarded for the purposes of this Act as the same as the duly authenticated foreign order.

II	1000	1 -1
ν . I	2002-	10
116.	auda	ω

1	(8) Entry and registration effected by means of a facsimile ceases to have effect
2	at the end of the period of 21 days commencing on the date of entry and registration,
3	unless a duly authenticated original of the order has been entered and registered by that
4	time.
5	(9) Where a foreign restraining order or a foreign confiscation order has been
6	entered pursuant to this section, the order shall be deemed to apply in relation to the
7	order as if the serious offense that is the subject of the order had been committed in the
8	RMI, and the order had been made pursuant to the laws of the RMI.
9	Section 17. Foreign requests for the location of proceeds of crime.
10	Where a foreign country requests the Attorney General to assist in locating
11	property believed to be the proceeds of a serious crime committed in that country, the
12	Attorney General may authorize the making of any application to the High Court, for the
13	purpose of acquiring the information sought by the foreign country.
14	Section 18. Sharing confiscated property with foreign Countries.
15	The Attorney General may enter into an arrangement with the competent
16	authorities of a foreign country, in respect of money laundering and proceeds of crime,
17	for the reciprocal sharing with that country of such part of any property realized:
18	(1) in the foreign country, as a result of action taken by the Attorney
19	General pursuant to section 7(4); or
20	(2) in the RMI, as a result of action taken in the RMI pursuant to section
21	16(1), as the Attorney General thinks fit.
22	

1	Part III Miscellaneous
2	Section 19. Privilege for foreign documents.
3	(1) Subject to subsection (2), a document sent to the Attorney General by a
4	foreign country in accordance with an RMI request pursuant to this Act is privileged and
5	no person shall disclose to anyone the document, or its purport, or the contents of the
6	document or any part thereof, before the document, in compliance with the conditions on
7	which it was so sent, is made public or disclosed in the course of and for the purpose of
8	any proceedings.
9	(2) No person in possession of a document referred to in subsection (1), or a
10	copy thereof, or who has knowledge of any information contained in the document, shall
11	be required, in connection with any legal proceedings to produce the document or copy or
12	to give evidence relating to any information that is contained therein.
13	(3) Except to the extent required under this Act to execute a request by a foreign
14	country for mutual assistance in criminal matters, no person shall disclose:
15	(a). the fact that the request has been received; or
16	(b). the contents of the request.
17	(4) Violation of subsection (3) is a felony offense, punishable by imprisonment
18	for a maximum of five years or a maximum fine of \$50,000, or both, provided, however,
19	in the case of a corporation, company, commercial enterprise, commercial entity or other
20	legal person, the maximum fine shall be increased to \$250,000.
21 22 23	Section 20. Restriction on use of evidence and materials obtained by mutual assistance.

1	No information, document, article or other thing obtained from a foreign country
2	pursuant to a request made under this Act shall be used in any investigation or proceeding
3	other than the investigation or proceeding disclosed in the request, unless the Attorney
4	General consents after consulting with the foreign country.
5	Section 21. Repeal and savings provision
6	(1) Nothing in this Act shall be taken to limit:
7	(a) the power of the RMI, to make requests to foreign countries or act
8	on requests from foreign countries for assistance in investigations or proceedings
9	in criminal matters;
10	(b) the power of the court, to make requests to foreign countries for
11	forms of international assistance other than those specified in section 7; or
12	(c) the nature or extent of assistance in investigations or proceedings in
13	criminal matters which the RMI may lawfully give to or receive from foreign
14	countries.
15	(2) Subject to subsection (1), any existing Act, rules or regulations, or provision
16	of any Act, rules or regulations on international cooperation, information sharing,
17	criminal investigations and proceedings in the RMI which contravene the provisions of
18	this Act, are hereby repealed and declared null and void to the extent of its
19	inconsistencies.
20	Section 22 Regulations
21	(1) The Minister of Justice may by regulations provide that this Act applies

22

to a foreign country subject to;

1	(a) any mutual assistance treaty between that country and the RMI; and
2	(b) any multilateral mutual assistance treaty to which the RMI is a party
3	(2) If the regulations provide, in accordance with subsection (1) that this Act
4	applies to a foreign country subject to a mutual assistance treaty, then;
5	(a) if the treaty relates wholly to the provision of assistance in criminal
6	matters, this Act applies, subject to the limitations, conditions, exceptions or
7	qualifications that are necessary to give effect to the treaty in relation to that
8	country; or
9	(b) if the treaty relates in part to the provision of assistance in criminal
10	matters, this Act applies subject to the limitations, conditions, exceptions, or
11	qualifications that are necessary to give effect, in relation to that country, to that
12	part of the treaty that relates to the provision of assistance in criminal matters.
13	
14 15	I hereby certify;
16 17	(1). that the above Nitijela Bill No. 103 N.D2 was passed by the Nitijela of
18 19	the Marshall Islands on the g^{μ} day of $\delta c to b c r$ 2002; and
20 21	(2). that I am satisfied that Nitijela Bill No. 103 N.D.2 was passed in
22 23	accordance with the Constitution of the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Rules
24 25	of Procedures of the Nitijela.
26 27	I hereby place my signature before the Clerk of the Nitijela on this // day
28 29 30	of November 2002.
31	Attest: