I assent.

Beretitenti 1988

AN ACT TO GIVE EFFECT TO THE TREATY ON FISHERIES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS OF CERTAIN PACIFIC ISLAND STATES AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND FOR CONNECTED PURPOSES

Commencement:

MADE by the Maneaba ni Maungatabu and assented to by the Beretitenti.

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Fisheries (Pacific Island States! Treaty with the United States of America) Act 1988 and shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may appoint by notice.

Interpretation

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires - "applicable national law" has the meaning assigned to it in the Treaty;

"Pacific Island State" has the meaning assigned to it in the Treaty;

"Treaty" means the Treaty between the Governments of certain
Pacific Island States and the Government of the
United States of America, to which Kiribati is a party,
a copy of which is set out in the Schedule to this Act.

Schedule

3(1) Subject to the Constitution and the provisions of this Act the Treaty shall have the force of law in Kiribati.

Treaty to have the force of law

(2) If there is any inconsistency between the provisions of any applicable national law in force in Kiribati and the provisions of the Treaty, the provisions of the Treaty shall, to the extent of such inconsistency, prevail.

Savings

4. This Act shall not affect any legal proceedings begun or any rights or liabilities accruing or arising out of an accurrence before the date of commencement of this Act.

power of Minister to make orders 5. Without prejudice to the powers of the Minister under any other law the Minister may, by order, make such provisions not inconsistent with the Constitution or this Act or the Treaty as he may consider necessary or expedient for giving full effect to the provisions of the Treaty.

Offences and penalties, eto

- 6(1) Where a fishing vessel to which the Treaty applies is used in contravention of the Treaty or any applicable national law the master, owner and charterer, if any, of such vessel shall (without prejudice to any other penalty prescribed by or contained in such applicable national law) each be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding United States \$250,000.
- (2) The Master, owner, charterer or any member of the crew of a fishing vessel to which the Treaty applies shall not be liable to imprisonment or corporal punishment on conviction for an offence under the Treaty or any applicable national law.
- (3) Where the master, owner, charterer or any member of the crew of a fishing vessel to which the Treaty applies is in pre-trial custody in respect of an offence which amounts to a breach of the Treaty or any applicable national law, he shall be promptly released if he enters into a bond for a reasonable amount or furnishes a reasonable security to appear before the appropriate court for trial.

This printed impression has been crefully examined by me with the Bill which passed the Mancaba ni Maungatabu on 16th August, 1988 and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Rill.

Clerk to the Maneaba ni Mengatabu

I certify that the above Act was on the 16th day of August, 1988 passed by the Maneaba ni Maung labu on a certificate of urgency under section 68(3)(a) of the Constitution,

Speake:

Published by exhibition -

(a) at the Public Office of the Isratitenti on the day of 2 000, 1988.

Secro and the Cabinet

(b) at the Maneaba ni Maungatabu on the 2nd day of Nerambic , 1988.

Clerk to the Maneaba ni Maungatabu.

TREATY OF FISHERIES

HETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS OF CERTAIN PACIFIC ISLAND STATES AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINKA

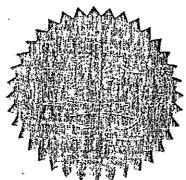
CERTIFICATE

I, TARCISIUS ERI, Assistant Secretary (Treaties Branch), Department of Foreign Affairs;

HERRHY CENTIFY that the attached is a true and authentic copy of the TREATY ON FISHERIES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS OF CERTAIN PACIFIC ISLAND STATES AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA signed at Port Morenby on 2nd April, 1987.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have attached the neal of the Vepartment of Foreign Affairs.

DATED at Port Moresby this 2rd day of April, 1987.



TARCISIUS KRI

ENTHERN THE GOVERNMENTS OF CERTAIN PACIFIC ISLAND STATES AND THE COVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

The Government of the Pacific Island States party to this Treaty and the Government of the United States of America:

ACKNOWLEDGING that in accordance with international law, coastal States have sovereign rights for the purposes of exploring and exploiting, conserving and managing the fisheries resources of their exclusive economic zones or fisheries zones;

RECOGNISING the strong dependence of the Pacific Island parties on fisheries resources and the importance of the continued abundance of those resources;

EEARING IN MIND that some species of fish are found within and beyond the jurisdiction of any of the parties and rango throughout a broad region; and

DESIRING to maximize benefits flowing from the development of the fisheries resources within the exclusive economic zones or fisheries zones of the Pacific Island parties;

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOUS:

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS AND INTERPMETATION

- 1.1 In this Treaty:
 - (a) "Administrator" means that person or organisation designated by the Pacific Island parties to act as such on their behalf pursuant to this Treaty and notified to the Government of the United States;
 - (b) "final judgment" means a judgment from which no appeal proceedings have been initiated within sixty days;
 - (c) "fishing" moons:
 - (i) scorching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;

fish;

- (iii) / engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish;
- (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic equipment such as radio beacons;
- (v) any operations at sea directly in support of, or in preparation for any activity described in this paragraph; or
- (vi) aircraft use, relating to the activities described in this paragraph except for flights in emergencies involving the health or safety of crew members or the safety of a vessel;
- (d) "fishing vessel of the United States" or "vessel" means any boat, ship or other craft which is used for, equipped to be used for, or of a type normally used for commercial fishing, which is documented under the laws of the United States;
- (e) "Licensing Area" means all waters in the Treaty Area
- (i) waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States in accordance with international law; and
- (fi) waters closed to fishing by fishing vessels of the United States in accordance with Annex I;
- (f) "operator" means any person who is in charge of, directs or controls a vessel, including the owner, charterer and master;
- (g) "Pacific Island party" means a Pacific Island State party to this Treaty and "Pacific Island parties" means all such States from time to time;
- (h) "Pacific Island State" means a party to the South Pacific Forum Fisheries Agency Convention, 1979;
- (i) "party" means a State party to this Treaty, and "parties" means all such States, from time to time;
- (J) "this Treaty" means this Treaty, its Annexes and

(k) "Treaty Area" means all waters north of 60 degrees
South latitude and eart of 90 degrees East longitude,
subject to the fisheries jurisdiction of Pacific
Island parties, and all other waters within rhumb
lines connecting the following geographic
co-ordinates, designated for the purposes of this
Treaty, except for waters subject to the jurisdiction
in accordance with international law of a State which
is not a party to this Treaty:

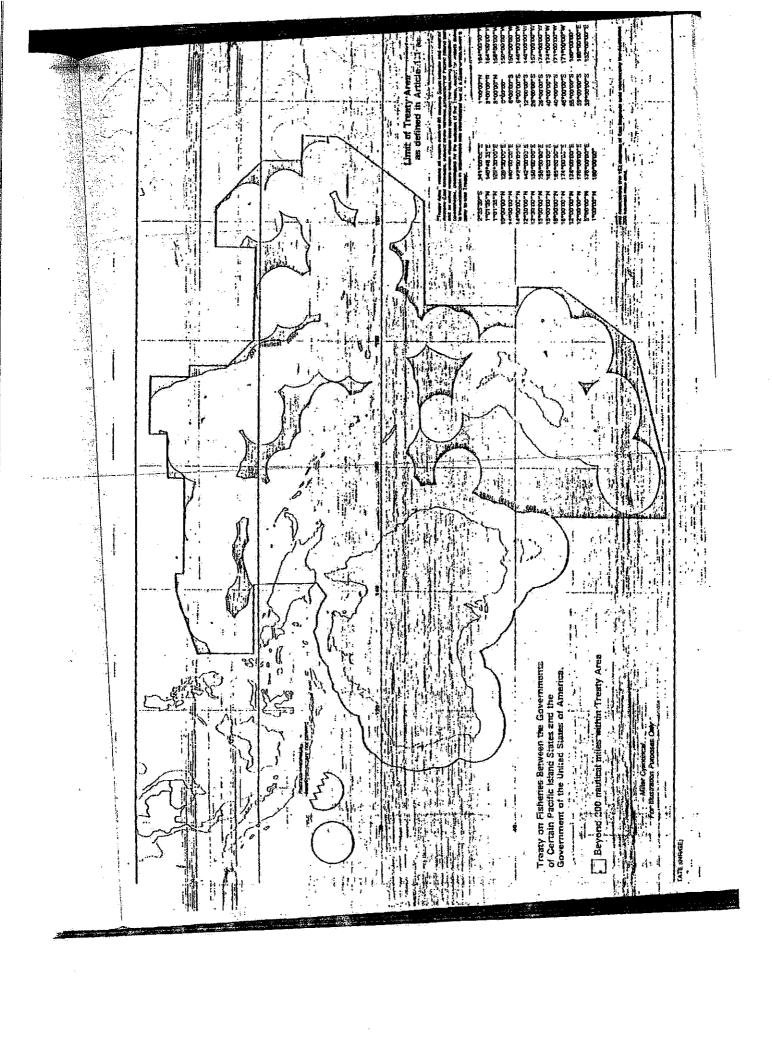
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and north along the 152 degrees of East longitude until intersecting the Australian 200 nautical mile limit.

1.2. Nothing in this Treaty shall be deemed to affect the applicability of any provision of a Pacific Island party's law which is not identified or otherwise described in this Treaty.



BROADER CO-OPERATION

- 2.1 The Government of the United States shall, as appropriate, co-operate with the Pacific Island parties through the provision of technical and economic support to assist the pacific Island parties to achieve the objective of maximizing benefits from the development of their fisheries resources.
- 2,2 The Government of the United States shall, as appropriate, promote the maximization of benefits generated for the Pacific Island parties from the operations of fishing vessels of the United States licensed pursuant to this Treaty, including:
 - (a) the use of canning, transshipment, slipping and repair facilities located in the Pacific Island parties;
 - (b) the purchase of equipment and supplies, including fuel supplies, from suppliers located in the Pacific Island parties; and
 - (c) the employment of nationals of the Pacific Island in the son board licensed fishing vessels of the United States.

ARTICLE 3

ACCESS TO THE TREATY AREA

- 3.1 Fishing vessels of the United States shall be permitted to engage in fishing in the Licensing Area in accordance with the terms and conditions referred to in Annex I and licenses issued in accordance with the procedures set out in Annex II.
- 3.2 It shall be a condition of any licence issued pursuant to this Treaty that the vessel in respect of which the licence is issued is operated in accordance with the requirements of Annex I. No fishing vesset of the United States shall be used for fishing in the Licensing Area without a licence issued in accordance with Annex II or in vaters closed to fishing pursuant to Annex I, except in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article, or unless the vessel is used for fishing albacore tuna by the trolling method in high seas areas of the Treaty Area.
- 3.3 A Pacific Island party may negmit fishing vessels of the United states to engage in techniq in waters under the junisdiction of that party which are!

(a) Within the Treaty Area but outside the Licensing Area;

Trought rate or new by the a plant

(b) except for purse seine vorsels, within the Licensing Area but otherwise than is accordance with the terms and conditions referred to in Armex I,

in accordance with such terms and conditions as may be agreed from time to time with the owners of the said vessels of their representatives. In such a case, if the Pactric Island party gives notice to the Government of the United States of such arrangements, and if the Government of the United States concurs, the procedures of Articles 4 and 5.6 shall be applicable to such arrangements.

ARTICLE 4

FLAG STATE RESPONSIBILITY

- 4.1 The Government of the United States shall enforce the provisions of this Treaty and licenses issued thereunder. The Government of the United States shall take the necessary steps to ensure that nationals and fishing vessels of the United States refrain from fishing in the Licensing Area and in waters closed to fishing pursuant to Annex E, except as authorised in accordance with Article 3.
- 4.2 The Government of the United States shall at the request of the Government of a Pacific Island party, take all reasonable measures to assist that party in the investigation of an alleged breach of this Treaty by a fishing vessel of the United States and promptly communicate all the requested information to that party.
- 4.3 The Government of the United States shall ensure that:
 - (a) each fishing vessel of the United States Licensed pursuant to this Treaty in fully insured against all risks and liabilities;
 - (b) all measures are taken to facilitate:
 - (i) any claim arising out of the activities of a fishing vessel of the United States, including a claim for the total market value of any fish taken from the Licensing Area without authorisation pursuant to this Treaty, and the prompt settlement of that claim;

- (11) restherservice of legal process by or on behalf of a national or the Government of a Pacific Island party in any action arising out of the activities of a fishing vessel of the United States;
- (iii) the prompt and full adjudication in the United States of any claim made pursuant to this Treaty;
- (iv) the prompt and full satisfaction of any final judgment or other final determination made pursuant to this Treaty; and
- the provision of a reasonable level of financial assurances, if, after consultation with the Government of the United States, all Pacific Island parties agree that the collection of any civil or criminal judgment or judgments or determination or determinations made pursuant to this Treaty has become a serious enforcement problem;
- (c) an amount equivalent to the total value of any forfeiture, fine, penalty or other amount collected by the Government of the United States incurred as a result of any actions, judicial or otherwise, taken pursuant to this Article is paid to the Administrator as soon as possible following the date that the amount is collected.

The Government of the United States shall, at the request of the Government, of a Pacific Island narty, fully investigate any alleged in ringement of this Treaty involving a vessel of the United States, and report as soon as practicable and in any-case within two months to that Government on that investigation and on any action taken or proposed to be taken by the Government of the United States in relation to the alleged infringement.

4.5 In the event that a report provided pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article shows that a fishing vessel of the United States:

- (a) while fishing in the Licensing Area did not have a licence to fish in the Licensing Area, except in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article 3; or
- (b) was involved in any incident in which an authorised officer or observer was allegedly assaulted with resultant budily harm, physically threatened, forcefully resisted, rejuged boarding or subjected to physical intimidation or physical interference in the performance of his or her dubles as authorised pursuant to this freely; or

that there was probable cause to believe that a fishing vessel of the United States:

- (c) was used for fishing in waters closed to fishing pursuant to Annex I, except as authorised in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 3;
- (b) Was used for fishing in any Limited Area as described in Annex 1, except as authorised in accordance with that Annex 1;
- (e) Was used for fishing by any method other than the purse seine method, except in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article 3;
- (f) was used for directed fishing for Southern Bluefin Tuna or for fishing for any kinds of fish other than tunas, except that other kinds of fish may be caught as an incidental by-catch;
- (g) used an aircraft for fishing which was not identified on a form provided pursuant to Schedule 1 of Annex II in relation to that vessel; or
- (h) was involved in an incident in which evidence which otherwise could have been used in proceedings concerning the vessel has been intentionally destroyed;

and that such vessel has not submitted to the jurisdiction of the Pacific Island party concerned, the Government of the United States shall, at the request of that party, take all necessary measures to ensure that the vessel concerned leaves the Licensing Area and waters closed to fishing pursuant to Annex I immediately and does not return except for the purpose of submitting to the jurisdiction of the party, or after action has been taken by the Government of the United States to the satisfaction of that party.

- 4.6 In the event that a report provided pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article shows that a finding vessel of the United States has been involved in a probable infringement of this Treaty, including an infringement of an applicable national law as identified in Schedule 1 of Annex I, other than an infringement of the kind described in paragraph 5 of this if Article, and that the vessel has not submitted to the jurisdiction of the Pacific Island party concerned; the Government of the United States shall, at the request of that party, take all necessary measures to ensure that the vessel concerned:
 - (a) submits to the jurisdiction of that party; or
 - (b) is penalised by the Government of the United States at such level as may be provided for like violations in United States law relating to increase fishing vessels licensed to fish in the exclusive economic zone of the United States but not to exceed the sum of US\$250,000.

4.7 Finencial assurances provided pursuant to this Treaty may be drawn against by any Pacific Island party to satisfy any a Charle on the determination in favour of a Charles on the Government of a Pacific Island party.

this Article concerning an alleged infringement of this Treaty recognised by international law, of a Pacific Island party, the Government of the United States shall notify the Government of instituted. Such notice shall include a statement of the facts of the proposed proceedings, Include a statement of the facts the proposed penalties to be sought. The Government of the Government of the proposed penalties to be sought. The Government of t

an agent is appointed and maintained in accordance with the requirements of subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this paragraph, issued by a Pacific Island party in respect of an operator of set out in Schedule 1 of Annex II) and shall notify the Administrator of the name and address of such agent, who:

- (a) shall be located in Port Horasby for the purpose of in accordance with this Article; and
- (b) shall, within 21 days of notification that legal process has been issued in accordance with this expense to that party, for the purpose of receiving and responding to that process.

ARTICLE 5

COMPLIANCE POWERS

parties may enforce the provisions of this Treaty and Licences Article 3.3 and Licences issued to evaluate made pursuant to their respective jurisdictions.

Promptly notify the Government of the Parisic Intend parties shall arrest of a fishing vessel of the United States of any of the united states of any of its following the arrest, in accordance with this Article.

- 5.3 Fishing vessels of the United States and their crews arrested for breach of this Treaty shall be promptly released upon the posting of a reasonable bond or other sacurity. Penalties applied in accordance with this Treaty for fishing violations shall not be unreasonable in relation to the offence and shall not include imprisonment or corporal punishment.
- 5.4 The Government of the United States shall not apply sanctions of any kind including decuctions, however effected, from any amounts which might otherwise have been paid to any Pacific Island party, and restrictions on trade with any Pacific Island party, as a result of any enforcement measure taken by a Pacific Island party in accordance with this Article.
- taken by a Pacific Island party in accordance with this Article.

 5.5 Lie Governments of the parties shall adopt and inform the other parties of such provinces in their national laws as may be necessary to give effect to this Treaty.
- 5.6 Where legal proceedings have been instituted by the Government of the United States pursuant to Article 4, no Pacific Island party shall proceed with any legal action in respect of the same alleged infringement as long as such proceedings are maintained. Where prusities are levied or proceedings are otherwise concluded by the Government of the United States pursuant to Article 4, the Facific Island party which has received notice of such limit determination, shall withdraw any legal charges or proceedings in respect of the same alleged infringement.
- 5.7 During any period in which a party is investigating any infringement of this Treaty involving a fishing vessel of the United States, being an infringement which is alleged to have taken place in waters within the jurisdiction, for any purpose, as recognised by international law, of a Pacific Island party, and if that Pacific Island party so notifies the other parties, any licence issued in respect of that vessel shall, for the purposes of Article 3, be deemed not to authorise fishing in the waters of that Pacific Island party.
- 5.8 If full payment of any amount due as a result of a final judgment or other final determination deriving from an occurrence in waters within the jurisdiction, for any purpose, of a Pacific Island party, is not made to that party within sixty (60) days, the licence for the vessel involved shall be suspended at the request of that arty and that wessel shall not be authorised to fish in the Licensing Area until that amount is paid to that party.

CONSULTATIONS AND DISPUTE SETTLEMENT

: 11

- 6.1 At the request of any party, consultations shall be held with any other party within sixty (60) days of the date of receipt of the request. All other parties shall be notified of the request for consultations and any party shall be permitted to participate in such consultations.
- 6.2 Any dispute between the Covernment of the United States and the Government of one or more Pacific Island parties in relation to or anising out of this Treaty may be submitted by any such party to an arbitrat tribunal for settlement by arbitration no earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) days following a request for consultations under Article 6.1. Unless the parties to the dispute agree otherwise, the Arbitration Rules of the United Notions Commission on International Trade Law as at present in force, shall be used.
 - party or parties to the dispute shall appoint one arbitrator and the Government of the United States shall appoint one arbitrator arbitrator. The third arbitrator, who shall act as presiding arbitrator of the tribunal, shall be appointed by agreement of the parties to the dispute. In the event of a failure to appoint any arbitrator within the lime period provided in the Rules, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the Secretary-General of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague.
- Secretary-General of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, at The Hague.

 6.4 Unless the parties to the dispute agree otherwise, the place of arbitration shall be Fort Moresby. The tribunal may hold meetings at such other place or places within the territory of a Pacific Island party or elsewhere within the Pacific Islands region as it may determine. An award or other decision shall be final and binding on the parties to the arbitration, and, unless the parties agree otherwise, shall be made public. The parties shall promptly carry out any award or other decision of the tribunal.
- 6.5 The fees and expenses of the tribunal shall be paid half by the Government or Governments of the Pacific Island party or parties to the arbitration and half by the Government of the United States, unless the parties to the arbitration agree otherwise.

ARTICLE 7
REVIEW OF THE TREATY The parties shall meet once each year for the purpose reviewing the operation of this freaty. i da ji k

ARTICLE B. Committee of the committee of

医乳腺 資本 4

AMENDMENT OF FOIL TREATY

- The following procedures shall apply to the adoption and entry into force of any amendment to this Treaty.
- (a) Any party may propose awandments to this Treaty.
- (b) A proposed amendment shall be not fied to the considered.
- (c) The depository shall promptly notify all parties of such proposal. such proposal.
- (d) The parties shott consider proposed amendments to this Treaty at the annual menting described in Article 7, or at any other time that may be agreed by all parties.
- (e) Any amendment to this Trenty shall be adopted by the approval of all the parties, and shall enter into force upon receipt by the depositant of instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval by the parties.
 - (f) The depositary shall promptly notify all parties of the entry into force of the emendment,

ARTICLE 9

AMENDMENT OF ANNEXES

The following procedure may apply to the adoption and entry into force of any amendmen to an Annex of this Treaty, t the request of the party proposers the smendment, in lieu of the procedure set out in Article a unless otherwise provided In the Annex.

(a). Any party may propose an indiment to an Annex of this Treaty at any time by no fring such proposal to the depositary, which shall compile notify all parties of the proposed amendment.

12 - Village Committee of the Committee

(b). A party approving a proposed amendment to an Annex shall notify its acceptance to the depositary, which shall promptly notify all the parties of each acceptance. Upon receipt by the depositary of notices of acceptance from all parties, such amendment shall be incorporated in the appropriate agree and shall be incorporated in the appropriate Annex and shall have effect from that date, or from such other date as shall promptly notify all parties of the adoption of the amendment and its nifective date. may be specified in such as endment. The depositary

ARTICLE 10

NOTIFICATION

10.1 The Administrator and each party shall natify the denomination of their current addresses for the receipt of depositary of their current addresses for the receipt of notices given pursuant to this Treaty, and the depositary shall notify the Administrator and each of the parties of such addresses or any changes thereof. Unless otherwise specified in this Treaty, any notice given in accordance with this Treaty shall be in writing and may be served by nand or sent by telex or, where either method cannot repdily be effected, by registered sirmail to the address of the party or the Administrator as currently listed with the depositary.

10.2 Delivery by hand shall be effective when made. Delivery by telex shall be deamed to be offective on the business day following the day when the "answer back" appears on the sender's telex machine. Delivery by registered airmail shall be deemed to be effective twenty-one (21) days after posting.

ARTICL

ARTTCLE 71

DEPOSITARY 11. The depository for this Incaty shall be the Government of Papua New Guinea.

ARTICLE 12

FINAL CLASSES

Governments of all the Pacific Island States and the Government of the United States of America.

- 12.2 This Treaty is subject to ratification by the States referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article. The instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the depository.
- 112.3 This Treaty shall remain open for accession by States referred to in paragraph) of this Article. The instruments of faccession shall be deposited with the depositery.
- 12.4 This Treaty shall enter into force upon receipt by the depositary of instruments of ratification by the Government of the United States and by the Governments of ten Pacific Island States which shall include the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of Kirjbati and Papua New Guinea.
- 12.5 This Treaty shall enter into force for any State ratifying or acceding after the entry into force of this Treaty on the thirtieth day after the date on which its instrument of ratification or accession is received by the depositery.
- 12.6 This Treaty shall cease to have effect at the expiry of one year following the receipt by the depositary of an instrument signifying withdrawal or denonclation by the United States, any of the Pacific Island States named in Article 12.4, or such number of Pacific Island States as would leave fever than ten such States as parties.
- than ten ruch States as parties.

 12.7 This Treaty shall cease to have effect for a party at the expiry of the sixth month following the receipt by the depositary of an instrument signifying withdrawal or denunciation by that party, except that where this Treaty would cease to have effect under the last preceding paragraph as the result of the receipt of the said instrument, it shall cease to have effect for that party in the manner provided in the last preceding paragraph.
- 12.8 Any licence in force pursuant to this Treaty shall not cease to have effect as a result of this Treaty ceasing to have effect either generally or for any party, and Articles 1, 3, 4 and 5 shall be regarded as continuing in force between the United States and the Pacific 1stand States party in respect of such licence until such licence expires in accordance with its terms.
- 12.9 No reservations may be made to this Treaty.

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12.10 Paragraph 9 of this Article does not preclude a State, when signing, ratifying or acceding to this Treaty, from making declarations or statements, provided that such declarations or statements do not purport to exclude or modify the legal effect of the provisions of this Treaty in their application to that State.

TONE or Part Moresby on the second day of April, 1987

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF:

Edun P. Walfe

REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS

Resart marie.

NEW ZEALAND

REPUBLIC OF PALAU

PAPUA NEW GUINE A

KINGDOM OF TONGA

REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

WESTERH SAMOA

INTRODUCTORY

In this Annex:

- (a) "applicable national law" means any provision of a law, however described, of a Pacific Island party which governs the fishing activities of foreign fishing vessels, being a law identified in Schedule 1, and which is not inconsistent with the requirements of this Treaty and shall be taken to exclude any provision which imposes a requirement which is also imposed by this Treaty;
 - (b) "Closed Area" means an orea of a Pacific Island party as described in Schedule 2:
- (c) "Limited Area" means an area described in Schedule 3;
- (d) "the vessel" means the vesset in respect of which a
- 2. Schedule 1 may be amended from time to time by the inclusion by any Pacific Island party of any applicable national law and, for the purposes of this Treaty, except as provided in this paragraph, the eneminent chall take effect from the date that the amended Schedule has been notified to obtigation on the United States. For the purposes of any of Article 4, the amendment shall take effect sixty (60) days from the date that the amended Schedule; has been notified to the Government of the United States. The Government of the Pacific Island party shall use its lest endeavours to provide amendment.
- 3. Nothing in this Annex and its Schedules, nor acts or activities taking place the conder, shall constitute recognition of the claims of the positions of any of the parties concerning the legal status and extent of waters and zones claimed by any party. In the claimed waters and zones, the freedoms of navigation and over flight and other uses of the with international taw.

the applicable national laws, and shall comply with each of compliance by the vessel and its crew with each of the applicable national laws, and the wessel shall be operated in accordance with those laws.

PART 3

PROMIBET LONS

- 5. The vessel shall not be used for directed fishing for Southern Bluefin Tuna, or for fishing for any kinds of fish other than tunas, except that other kinds of fish may be caught as an incidental by-catch.
- method, except the purse seine method.
- The vessel shall not be used for fishing in any closed
- 8. Except for circumstance; involving force majeure and other emergencies involving the realth or safety of crew members or the safety of the vessel, no afforaft may be used in association with the fishing activities of the vessel unless it identified in item 6 or 7 of schedule 1 of Annex II.

The vessel shall not be used for fishing in any Limited Area except in accordance with the requirements set out in Schedule 3, which are applicable to that Limited Area.

PART 4

REPORTING

- board the vessel, as described in Part 1 of Schedule 4, shall be provided by telex to the Administrator at the following times:
 - (a) before departure from port for the purpose of beginning a fishing trip in the Licensing Area;
 - (b) each Mednesday while within the Licensing Area or a Closed Area; and

- (c) before entry into port for the purpose of unloading Area.
- Information relating to the position of and catch on board the vessel, as described in Part 2 of Schedule 4, shall be provided to each Pacific Island party in the manner notified to the Government of the United States by that party as follows:
 - (a) at the time of entry into and of departure from waters wich are, for any purpose, subject to the jurisdiction of the Pacific Island party;
- (b) at deast 24 hours prior to the estimated time of entry into any port of that party and
 - (c) as otherwise set, out in Part 3 of Schedule 4.
- At the end of each day that the vesset is in the Licensing Area, an entry or entries for that day shall be completed on the catch report form as set out in Schedule 5; in accordance with the requirements of that form, and such forms shall be posted by registered airmail to the Administrator within fourteen (14) days following the date of the next entry into a port for the purpose of unloading its fish catch.
- Immediately following the unloading of any fish from the vessel, a report shall be completed in the form set out in Schedute 6 and shall be posted by registered sirmail to the Administrator within fourteen (14) days following the date of the completion of that unloading operation, or, in the case of unloading by transshipment, within fourteen (14) days following unloading of that transshipment at the processing site.

PART 5

EN FOR THENT

The master and each a mber of the crew of the vessel shall immediately comply with every instruction and direction given by an authorised and identified officer of a Pacific Island party, including to slop, to move to a specified location, and to facilitate sain boarding and inspection of the vesset, gear, equipment, records, fish and fish products. Such boarding and inspection shall be conducted as much as possible in a manner so as not to interier unduly with the lawful operation of the vessel. The operator and each member of the trew shall facilitate and asrist in any action by an authorised officer of a Pacific Island party and shall not assault, obstruct, resist, delay, refuse boarding to, intimidate or interfere with an authorised officer in the performance of his or her duties.

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16. The international radio call sign of the vessel shall be painted in white on a black background, or in black on a white background, in the following monner:

- (a) amidships on both sides immediately below the gunwale, and on a horizontal plane on the superstructure, in letters and figures 20 centimetres apart, with each letter and figure being at least one metre high and 50 centimetres wide and with each line at least 12.5 centimetres wide;
- (b) if a helicopter is boing carried, on the body of the helicopter in a place clearly visible from sea level, in letters and figures live centimetres apart, with each letter and figure being at least 25 centimetres high, 10 centimetres wide and with each line being at least 2.5 centimetres wide; and
- (c) on any other equipment being carried by and itended to be separated from the versel during normal fishing operations, in letters and figures clearly legible to the naked eye;

and at all times while the vessel is within the Licensing Area or a Closed Area, all parts of those markings shall be clear, distinct and uncovered.

17. The licence shall be carried on board the vessel and produced at the request of an authorised enforcement official of any of the parties. Prior to receipt of the licence, the requirement.

PARE 6

OBS ER VERS

- 18. The operator and each member of the crew of the vessel shall all of a saist any person identified as an observer by the Pacific Island parties to:
 - (a) board the vessel for action time, compliance, monitoring and other functions at the point and time notified by the Pacific Island natios to the Government of the United States;

- High the same and (b) have full access to and the use of facilities and equipment on board the vesset which the observer may determine is necessary to carry out his or her duties; have full access to the bridge, fish on board and areas which may be used to hold, process, weigh and store fish; remove samples; have full access to the vessel's records, including its log and documentation for the purpose of inspection and copying; and gather any other information relating to fisheries in the Licensing Area; without interfering unduly with the lawful operation of the wasseld
 - (c) disembark at the point and time notified by the Pacific Island parties to the Government of the United States; and
 - carry out his or her duties safety; (d)

and no operator or crew member of the vessel shall assault; obstruct, resist, delay, refuse boarding to, intimidate or interfere with an observer in the performance of his or her duties.

- The operator shall provide the observer, while on board the vessel, at no expense to the Facilic Island parties, with food, accommodation and medical facilities of such reasonable standard as may be acceptable to the Pacific Island party whose representative is serving as the observer.
- Any operator of the vessel from which any fish taken in the Licensing Area is unloaded small allow, or arrange for, and assist any person authorised for this purpose by the Pacific Island parties to have full access to any place where such fish is unloaded, to remove simples and to gather eny other information relating to fisheries in the Licensing Area.
- An observer programme shall be conducted in accordance with this Treaty and provisions that may be agreed from time to

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MISCELLANGOUS REQUIREMENTS

At all times while the vessel is in a closed Area, the fishing gear of the vessel shall be stored in such a manner as not to be readily available for fishing. In particular, the boom shall be towered as far as possible so that the vesset cannot be used for fishing but so that he skiff is accessible for use in emergency situations; the helicopter, if any, shall be tied down; and taunches shall be secured.

- 23. The vessel shall be uncreted in such a way that the activities of traditional and locally based fishermen and fishing vessels are not disrunted or in any other way adversely affected.
- Any information required to be recorded, or to be notified, communicated or reported pursuant to a requirement of this Treaty shall be true, complete and correct. Any change in circumstances which has the effect of rendering any such information false, incomplete or misleading shall be notified to the Administrator immediately.

SCHEDULE 1

APPLICABLE MATIONAL LAWS

The following laws and any regulations or other instruments having the force of law which have been implemented pursuant to those laws, as amended at the time this Treaty enters into force, shall be considered as applicable national laws for the purposes of this Treaty.

Australla

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Antarctic Marine Living Resources Conservation Act, 1981 Continental Shelf (Living Natural Resources) Act, 1968 Continental Shelf (Living Natural Resources) Regulations Fisheries Act, 1952 Fisheries Regulations Torres Strait Fisheries Act, 1984 Whale Protection Act, 1980

Cook Islands

Cook Islands Commercial Fishing Regulations, 1951 Exclusive Economic Zone (Foreign Fishing Craft) Regulations, 1971 Fisheries Protection Act, 1976 Fishing Ondinance, 1950 Territorial Sea and Exclusive Francoic Zone Act, 1977

Federated States of Micronesia

Titles 18 and 24 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as amended by Public tea Nos. 2-28, 2-31, 3-9, 3-10, 3-34, and 3-80

Fiji

Fisheries Act, 1942
Fisheries Ordinance (Cap 135)
Fisheries Regulations (Cap 135)
Marine Spaces Act, 1978
Marine Spaces (Foreign Fishing Vessels) Regulations, 1979

Kiribati

1 ...

Fisheries Ordinance, 1979 Fisheries (Amendment) Act, 1984 Marine Zones (Declaration) Act, 1985 Marshall Islands

Marine Resources Jurisdiction A-1, 1978 Marines Zones (Declaration) Acr, 1986

Nauru

Interpretation Act; 1971 Interpretation Act, 1975 Marine Resources Act, 1978

New Zealand

Antarctic Marine Living Resources has, 1981
Continental Shelf Act, 1966
Exclusive Economic Zone (Forcias sishing Craft) Regulations, 1978
Fisheries Act, 1983
Marine Mammals Protection Act, 1978
Territorial Sea and Exclusive Economic Zone Act, 1977
Tokelau (Territorial Sea and Exclusive Economic Zone Act), 1977

Niue

Territorial Sea and Exclusive Economic Lame Act, 1978

Palau

Palau National Code, 11the 27

Papua New Guinea

Fisheries Act (Cap 214)
Fisheries Regulations (Cap 714)
Fisheries (Torres Strait Protected Tone) Act, 1984
Tuna Resources Management (Call Last Seas) Act (Cap 224)
Whaling Act (Cap 225)

Solomon Islands

Delimitation of Marine Waters Ast, 1973
Fisheries Act, 1972
Fisheries Limits Act, 1977
Fisheries Regulations, 1972
Fisheries (Foreign Fishing Vessell' Pagelations, 1981

Tonga

Fisheries Protection Act, 1975 Fisheries Regulation Act, 1985 Whaling Industry (Amendment) A., 1979 Tuvalu

Fisheries Act (Cap 45)
Foreign Fishing Vessel Regulations, 1982
Fisheries (Foreign Fishing Vessel) (Amendment) Regulations, 1984
Marine Zones (Declaration) Act, 1983

Vanuatu

Fisheries Act, 1982 Fisheries Regulations, 1983 Maritime Zones Act, 1981

Western Samoa

Exclusive Economic Zone Act, 1977 Fisheries Protection Act, 1972 Territorial Sea Act, 1971

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CLOSED AREAS

Australia. All waters within the seaward boundary of the Australian Fishing Zone (AFZ) west of a line connecting the point of itersection of the outer limit of the AFZ by the parallel of latitude 25030' South with the point of intersection of the meridian of longitude 1510 East by the outer limit of the AFZ and all waters south of the parallel of latitude 250 30' South.

Cook Islands. Territorial Seo.

Federated States of Micronesia. Three nautical mile territorial sea and nine nautical mile exclusive fishery zone and on all named banks and reefs as depicted on the following charts:

DMAHTC NO 81019 (2nd. ed., Mar. 1945; revised 7/17/72; corrected through NM 3/78 of June 21, 1978).

DMAHTC NO 81023 (3rd. ed., Aug. 7, 1976); DMAHTC NO 81002 (4th. ed., Jan. 26, 1980; corrected through NM 4/80).

Fiji. Internat waters, archipelagic waters and territorial seas of Fiji and Rotuma and its Dependencies.

Kiribati. Within archipelagic waters as established in accordance with Marine Zones Declaration Act 1983; within 12 nautical miles drawn from the baselines from which the territorial sea is measured; within 2 nautical miles of any anchored fish aggregating device for which notification of its location shall be given by geographical coordinates.

Marshall Islands. 12 nautical mile territorial sea and area within two nautical miles of any anchored fish aggregating device for which notification of its location shall be given by geographical coordinates.

Nauru. The territorial waters as defined by Nauru Interpretation Act, 1971, Section 2.

New Zealand. Territorial waters; waters within 6 nautical miles of outer boundary of territorial waters; all waters to west of New Zealand main islands and south of 390 South latitude; atl waters to east of New Zealand main islands south of 400 South latitude; and in respect of Tokelau: areas within 12 nautical miles of all island and reef baselines; twelve and one half nautical miles either side of a line joining Atafu and Nukunonu and Faka ofo; and coordinates as follows:

Atafu: 8035'10"5, 172029'30"W Nukunonu: 900612545, 17105211049 Faka ofo: 9022/30"\$ 171047/00"W

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Nive. Territorial sea and within 3 nautical miles of Beveridge Reef, Antiope Reef and Haran Reef as depicted by appropriate symbols on NZ 225F (chart shouling the territorial sea and exclusive economic zone of Nive pur went to the Nive Territorial Sea and Exclusion Economic Zone Act of 1978).

Within 12 nautical miles of all island baselines in the Palau Islands; within a 50 noutical mile are measured from the entrance to Malakal Harbour (7015:44"N, 134028:18"E) and extending from where the arc intersects the territorial sea limit to the northeast of Babelthuap Island to the 1340 East meridian of Longitude, southwest of Angaur Island then due north along the 1340 East meridian of longitude to the intersection with the territorial sea limit.

Papua New Guinea; In addition to its territorial sea and internal waters, within the area bounded by the following parallets and meridians - from laterude 0030' South to latitude 3030' South, and from langitude 1490 East to Longitude 1530 6ast.

Solomon Islands. All waters within the fishery limits of the Solomon Islands (including internal waters, territorial sea and archipelagic waters) except that port of the fishery limits past and north of the following times: commenting at a point 1610 East, 4020! South, then extending due south along ioto to a point 6030' south, then by a line extending due past to a point 1650 East, then by a Line due south to a point 80 south, then by a line due east to a point 1690551

All waters with depths of not more than 1,000 metres, Athin the area bounded by the fill emith and twenty third and me half degrees of south latitude: and the one hundred and seventy third and the one hundred and seventy seventh degrees of west longitudes; also within a tadius of twelve nautical illes from the islands of Teleki longs and Teleki Tokelau.

luvalu. Treitorial sea and waters within two nautical miles of alignamed banks, i.e. Macaus Kosciusko, Rose, Bayonnaise and iera, in Tuvalu EEZ, as depicted on the chart entitled "Tuvalu dishery Limits" prepared by the United Kingdom Sydrographic lepartment, Taunton, January 11, 1981.

lanuatu. Archipelayic waters and the territorial sea, and nternal waters. j |

Western Samoa. Territorial sea; ruefs, banks and areas bounded/enclosed by the following parallels and meridians to the extent such areas are within Western Samoa fisheries

- 1. From latitude 120 58' South to latitude 130 11.5' South and longitude 17 to 5.5' Vest to longitude
- 2. From latitude 120 12' South to latitude 120 38.5' South and Longitude 1730 47' West to Longitude
- 3. From latitude 130 7: so that latitude 130 19: South and Longitude 127: 59' West to Longitude 1.30 38.5' West.
- 4. From latitude 149 517 south to latitude 150 3.41 South and Longitude 1720 10.71 West to Longitude 1720 19:11 West.
- 5. From latitude 140 20.3' South to latitude 140 28' South and Longitude 1712 B' West to longitude 1710. 17' West.

and within 2 nautical miles of any anchored fish aggregating device within the EEZ for which notification of its location shall be given by geographical condinates.

Only the Closed Areas, as described above, of Pacific Island States which are parties to this Treaty shall be applicable under the terms of this Treaty.

Schepule 3

LIMITEL AREAS

Solomon Islands

- The Sotomon Islands (lited Area is all of the Licensing Area within the fig. 2 limits of Solomon Islands es described in the Fishery Limit (c) 1977 of Solomon Islands.
- 2. "Fishing day" means are by or part of a day of the week in which a vessel is preduced in the Solomon Islands Limited Area.
- There shall be no fishing in the Solomon Islands Limited Area after the expire of the five hundredth fishing day from the earliest date on which any Licousing Period takes

SCHALLE 4

REPORTING DETAILS

PART

LICENSING AREA REPORTS TO THE ADMINISTRATOR

- (a) Port departure and entry have port for unloading
 - report type (LHEG for park departure to begin fishing and LFIN for port entry for unloading)
 - (2) date

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- (3) call sign
- (4) port name

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- (5) Catch on board by section (in short tons)
- LBEG for LFIN) / ddmmyy / tall sign / PORT / SJ XXX YF YYY OTH ZZZ
- (b) Weekly reports
 - (1) , report type (WEEK)

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- (2) date
- (3) call sign
- (4) position (to one minute of arc)
- (5) catch on board by specier
- 88: W-SK / ddmmyy / CALL SIGN / LA 1111 / LO 11111 / SJ XXX YF yyy OTH ZZZ

PART 2

REPORTS TO HATE HAL AUTHORITIES

- (a) Zone entry and exit
 - (1) report type (ZEH) for eatry and JEXT for exit)
 - (2) date
 - (3) call sign
 - (4) position (to one minute of arm)
 - (5) catch on board by species
 - ZENT (or ZEXI) / ddmm / CALL SIGH / TIME / LA 1111 / LO 11111 / SJ XXX YF . , OTH 727
- (b) Port entry reports
 - (1) report type (PENT)
 - (2) date
 - (3) call sign
 - (4) estimated time of enery into port (GMT)
 - (5) port name
 - as: FPENT / ddmmyy / CALL SELT / TIME / FORT NAME

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OTHER NATIONAL REPOSITING REQUIREMENTS

1. Australia

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- (a) Report of position ever we days while within the
- (b) 24 hours notice of that which to enter the Australian
 - (60) Report of catch hy species every six days while within the Australian Fighting rose,

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- (a) While in Fiji fisher by Jakers, daily position reporting of the name sall sign, and country of registration of the Lord, and its position at that.
- (b) While in Fift fisheries often, weekly report of catch by species.

3. Kiribati

White in the Kirtbati c clusive aconomic zone, report on entry into or exit from thosed Arces.

4. New Zealand

- (a) While in the New Leadand explosive economic zone, notification of dail on a positions, to be received no later than noon of full towing day;
- (b) Notice of cetch co hard and and of the time of entry into the New Table reclinive economic zone;
- (c) A weekly report of call about the New Zealand exclusive economic ros to token the period 0001 hours on a Monday to 2400 bottom on the following Sunday and to be received by more of the following luesday; and
- (d) 24 hours notice of this to enter the New Zealand exclusive economic tan-

5. Solomon Islands

Report on:

(a) Expected vessel position date and time of entry at least 24 hours before of state the Solomon Islands

- (b) Entry to or exit from Solcron Islands limited free together with the catch in board by weight and volume; and
- (c) A weekly report of catch them and fishing days in the Solomon Islands excluse in a consult some to cover the period 9001 hours on a little 15 to 1500 hours on the following Sunday and to the insulved by neon on the following Tuesday.
- 6. Tonga

White in the Tongs exclusive element rape, daily position report by radio or teler.

- 7. Tuvalu
 - (a) Report not less than 24 hours before outry into the Tuvalu fishery limits on:
 - (i) the name, sail sign and country of . registration in the wasnet)
 - (44) the linear merce):
 - (111) position on to the stad
 - (iv) catch by spec

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ANNEX II

- For the purposes of this Linex:
 - (a) "Ideonsing Period" means the period of validity of Licences issued in accordance with this Treaty.
- 2. The Government of the United States shall make application for a licence in respect of any fishing vessel of the United States intended by the operator to be used for purse seine fishing in the Licensing area at any time in the Idensing Period by providing to the administrator a complete application form as set out in Schedule 1.
- 3. Ideences issued pursuant to this Treaty shall not take effect until the Administrator has received payment, free of any charges whatsoover, of the amounts set out in Part 1 of Schedule 2 for that Ideensing Period in the manner described in that Schedule, Other financial commitments shall be provided during the Ideensing Period pursuant to Part 2 of Schedule 2.
- 4. Subject to paragraph 5, a licence may be denied:
 - (a) where the application is not in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 2;
 - (b) where the owner or charterer is the subject of proceedings under the bankruptcy laws of the United States, unless reasonable financial assurances have been provided to the Administrator;
 - (c) where the vessel in respect of which application for a licence has been made does not have good standing on the Regional Register of Foreign Fishing Vessels, maintained by the South Pacific Forum Fisheries Agency, provided that:
 - (1) good standing is withdrawn only as a result of:
 - (A) the commission of a corious offence against fisheries laws or regulations of a Pacific Island State and the operator has not fully complied with any civil or criminal judgment rendered with respect to such an offence;
 - (B) evidence existing that gives reasonable cause to believe that the operator has committed a serious offence against the fisheries laws or regulations of any Pacific Island State and that it has not been possible to bring the vessel operator to trial; or

- (0) the venuel uporator has failed to comply with information requirements for registration as notified by the Administrator to the Government of the United States;
- the Pacific Island party requesting withdrawal of good standing has first consulted the Government of the United States and has made all reasonable efforts to resolve the dispute in question before utilizing the procedures for withdrawal of good standing:
- (iii) in the event of a request for withdrawal of good standing from the Regional Register of Foreign Fishing Vessels of a vessel licensed pursuant to this Treaty, the Pacific Island parties agree to take into consideration that vessel's compliance with the terms of this Treaty in determining whether to approve such a request; and
- (iv) following a withdrawal of good standing the Pacific Island party involved gromptly advises the Government of the United States in writing of the reason for the withdrawal and the requirements which must be fulfilled to reinstate good standing:
- (d) where there has been a failure to satisfy a final judgment or other final determination for a breach of this Treaty by the owner, charterer or master of the vessel in respect of which application for a licence has been made, until such time as the final judgment or other final determination is satisfied, and subsequent change in ownership of a vessel shall not affect the application of this provision; or
- (e) where an operator has committed, or the vessel has been used for:
 - (i) a violation of this Treaty, providing that the Pacific Island parties, following consultation with the Government of the United States, determine that the violation is of a serious nature; or
 - (ii) any violation of this Treaty on more than one occasion, providing that the Pacific Island parties, following consultation with the Government of the United States, determine that such multiple violations constitute a serious disregard of this Treaty.

- 5. A maximum number of licences may be issued for any Licensing Period as set out in Schedule 2, and, upon request by the Government of the United States, the Pacific Island parties may agree to vary such number.
- 6. On receipt of an application for a licence in accordance with this Annex, the Administrator shall take the necessary steps to ensure that:
 - (a) a licence in the form set out in Schedule 3 in respect of the vessel identified in the application; or
 - (b) a statement setting out the reasons that a licence in respect of the vessel identified in the application is denied together with a refund of the amount or amounts provided with the application;

is promptly provided to the Government of the United States.

SCIEDULE 1

TREATY ON FISHERIES DETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS OF CERTAIN
PACIFIC ISLAND STATES
AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

APPLICATION FORM

Application is hereby made for a licence authorising the use of the vessel named in this application for fishing in the Licensing Area.

١.	FULL NAME OF VESSEL:
	RADIO CALL SIGN OF VESSEL:
	REGIONAL REGISTER NUMBER OF VESSEL:
	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH PERSON WHO IS AN OPERATOR OF THE VESSEL, AND STATE WHETHER OWNER, CHARTERER, MASTER OR OTHER. IF OTHER, SPECIFY DETAILS:
	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSURER FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE 4.3(a) OF THE TREATY:
********	REGISTRATION NUMBER AND MAKE OF HELICOPTER, IF ANY, TO DE CARRIED ON VESSEL:
	REGISTRATION NUMBER AND MAKE OF ANY AIRCRAFT TO DE USED I ASSOCIATION WITH FISHING ACTIVITIES AND NAME AND ADDRESS OPERATOR:
	STATE WHETHER OWNER OR CHARTERER IS THE SUDJECT OF PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE DANKRUPTCY LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES:
	STATE WHETHER OPERATOR OR VESSEL HAS DEEN INVOLVED IN A VIOLATION OF THIS TREATY. IF YES, SPECIFY DETAILS:

Date of application

Director of the Scuthwest Region National Marine Fisheries Service National Occanic and Atmospheric Administration

SCHEDULE 2

PAYMENTS

The following amounts are payable annually for a period of five (5) years pursuant to paragraph 3 of Annuall.

PART 1

- 1. The amounts payable as set forth in this paragraph.
 - (a) Annual industry payments shall be made as follows:
 - (i) for the first annual Licensing Period, a lump sum of US\$1.75 million for 35 vessels, with the next five licences to be made available for the same pro-rate payment as the first 35 licences, and an additional 10 licences to be made available at US\$60,000 per vessel;
 - (ii) for subsequent annual Licensing Periods, 40 vessel licences calculated on the same basis as the first 40 vessel licences in sub-paragraph (a) and indexed to the price of fish as set forth below, with 10 additional licences to be made available at US\$60,000 per vessel and indexed to the price of fish as set forth below.
 - (b) The indexation shall be applied as follows:
 - (i) DEFINITIONS
 - A. Base Vessel Payment: The Base Vessel Payment is US\$50,000 for the first 40 vessels to be licensed and US\$60,000 for vessels to be licensed in excess of 40 vessels.
 - B. Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment: The Adjusted individual vessel Payment is the individual vessel payment of each annual Licensing Period after the first annual Licensing Period. The Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment will always apply to the Licensing Period immediately following its calculation.
 - C. Landed Price: The Landed Price is the published standard price per ton (American Tuna Sales Association) for fish delivered to American Samon prevailing at the time a United States purse seine vessel arrives in port for the purposes of offloading its catch.

- D. Average Landed Price: The Average Landed Price is calculated by averaging the established landed price categories for yellowfin and skipjack tuna in American Samos. The landed price categories to be used are: ever 7.5 pounds, 4 to 7.5 pounds and 3 to 4 pounds for skipjack; ever 20 pounds, 7.5 to 20 pounds and 4 to 7.5 pounds for yellowfin.
- E. Base Price: The Base Price is the Average Lended Price for the three months prior to the Treaty entoring into force.
- F. Estimated Landed Value: The Estimated Landed value is the Average Landed Price in effect at the time of a vessel's landing weighted by the yellowfin/skipjack mix ratio to be calculated from information on Schedule 6 for that vessel.
- G. Average Estimated Lended Value: The Average Estimated Lended Value is the Estimated anded Value for all landings by United States purse seine vessels in American Samoa in the four quarters preceding the final quarter of the applicable bicensing Period divided by the total number of those landings for the same period.

(ii) CALCULATION AND APPLICATION OF INDEXING FACTOR

- A. To obtain the indextor factor by which the Adjusted Individual Versel Payment shall be calculated, divide the Average Estimated Landed Value for the preceding four quarters by the Dase Price.
- B. To obtain the Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment, multiply the Dase Vessel Payment by the indexing factor obtained in Paragraph (ii) A.
- C. In no case shall the Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment be less than the Base Vessel Payment.

(iii) NOTIFICATIONS

The established prices and any changes shall be supplied to the Administrator by the Government of the United States within ten (10) days of their publication. The Administrator shall notify the Government of the United States sixty (60) days before the start of each Licensing Period of the Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment along with the computation used to arrive at the Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment. The Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment shall become final thirty (30) days after receipt by the Government of the United States, unless the Government

of the United States advises the Administrator otherwise, in which case consultations shall be hold.

(iv) CONSULTATIONS

If the established price categories are revised, or if there is a change in the tuna industry structure which makes the price calculations as set forth above inappropriate, the Administrator may consult with representatives of the Government of the United States as necessary to revise the formula.

- (c) There shall be no pro-ration of the Base Vessel Payment or the Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment. There shall be no refunds of the Base Vessel Payment or the Adjusted Individual Vessel Payment following licence issuance pursuant to Annex II.
- 2. Sums payable pursuant to the related Agreement between the South Pacific Forum Fisheries Agency and the Government of the United States.

PART 2

3. Technical assistance, including provision of assistance by technicians, by the United States tune industry valued at US\$250,000 annually in response to requests co-ordinated through the Administrator.

SCHEDULE 3

TREATY ON FISHERIES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS OF CERTAIN PACIFIC ISLAND STATES
AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

LICENCE FORM

The vessel described in this licence is hereby authorised to engage in fishing in the Licensing Arca for the period described in this licence, in accordance with the terms and conditions referred to in Amex I.
FULL NAME OF VESSEL:
RADIO CALL SIGN OF VESSEL:
REGIONAL REGISTER NUMBER OF VESSEL:
HELICOPTER OR OTHER AIRCRAFT WHICH MAY BE USED IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE FISHING ACTIVITIES OF THE VESSEL:
PERIOD OF VALIDITY:
The period of validity of this licence shall be no longer than one year:
FROM 19
TO
FOR AND ON DEHALF OF THE PACIFIC ISLAND PARTIES
DATE OF ISSUE:
LICENCE NUMBER:

WARNING: IT IS AN OFFENCE AGAINST THE LAWS OF MANY NATIONS, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, TO VIOLATE THE REQUIREMENTS OF ANNIEX I. PENALTIES MAY INCLUDE SUBSTANTIAL FINES AND VESSEL FORFEITURE.

FISHERIES (PACIFIC ISLAND STATES' TREATY WITH UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) ACT 1988

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

The object of this Act is to implement, on the part of Kiribati, the Treaty relating to fisheries entered into between the Governments of certain Pacific Island States and the Government of the United States of America which was signed at Port Moresby, Papua New Guinea on 2nd April 1987. A copy of the Treaty is set out in the Schedule to the Act.

- 2. The need for enacting such a legislation arises mainly from the fact that certain provisions of the Articles of the Treaty conflict, and/or are inconsistent, with some provisions of the domestic (applicable national laws) of the Pacific Island States which are parties to the Treaty: in the case of Kiribati the Fisheries Ordinance, Cap. 33 as amended, in particular
- 3. For example, Sections 13 and 14 of the said Fisheries Ordinance, empowers the court to impose a fine as well as a sentence of imprisonment on -
 - (a) any person who, being on board a foreign fishing vessel which is being pursued or boarded by an authorised officer, throws overboard or destroys incriminating evidence; or
 - (b) any person who fishes within the Kiribeti fishery limits (or 200 miles Exclusive Economic Zone) with explosives, poison and other noxious substances.

However, Article 5.2 of the Treaty expressly provides that penalties applied in respect of fishing violations under the Treaty "shall not include imprisonment ...".

- 4. Section 3 of the Act provides that the Treaty shall have the force of law in Kiribati.
- 5. Furthermore, under section 5 of the Act, the Minister is empowered to make, by order, such provisions as he may consider recessary or expedient for giving full effect to the provisions of the Treaty.
- 6. Under the Troaty, Pacific Island States which are parties to the Treaty (including Kiribati) may permit : shing vessels of the United States of America (U.S.A.) to engage in fishint for tune in each of such party's fishery limits (or 200 mile Exclusive Economic Zone) subject to the terms and conditions of licences issued by the Director of the South Pacific Forum Fisheries Agency (SPFFA) within the framework of the Treaty, and upon payment of the agreed fees set out in Schedule 2-to Armex II of the Treaty.
- 7. An important provision of the Treaty is contained in its Article 4 under which the Government of the U.S.A. assumes responsibility for enforcing the provisions of the Treaty and licences issued thereunder. In particular the Government of the U.S.A. "shall take necessary steps to endure" the nationals and fishing vessels of the U.S.A. refrain from fishing in waters covered by the Treaty except as authorised by the provisions of the Treaty and/or the domestic or national laws of the Pacific States affected.

- 8. The Government of the U.S.A. is also obliged under the Treaty to.
 - (a) assist the Pacific Island States concerned in the investigation and prosecution of offending U.S.A. vessels;
 - (b) ensure that measures are taken to facilitate the prompt and full satisfaction of any final judgement or other determination made against any offending U.S.A. fishing vessel pursuant to the Treaty;
 - (c) ensure that if all Pacific Island States, parties to the Treaty, agree that any judgement or determination made against an offending fishing vessel of the U.S.A. (in favour of a Pacific Island State) cannot be enforced, a reasonable level of financial assurance or commitment is made available to satisfy such judgement or determination;
 - (d) not to apply sanctions of any kind, including deductions from any amounts which might otherwise have been paid to any Pacific Island State and restrictions on trade with any Pacific State, as a result of any Pacific Island State enforcing the provisions of the Treaty and/or any of its domestic or national law relating to fisheries against an offending fishing vessel of the U.S.A.
- 9. Article 6 of the Treaty provides for the holding of consultations amongst parties to the Treaty if necessary and for the settlement of disputes by arbitration. Article 7, on the other hand, provides for the review of the Treaty once each year for the purpose of reviewing the operation of the Treaty.
- 10. Procedures for the adoption and entry into force of any amendments to the Treaty or its Annexes are also outlined in Articles 8 and 9 of the Treaty.

Michael W. Takabwebwe Attorney General 1 July 1988

LECAL REPORT

I hereby certify that in my opinion none of the provisions of the above Act conflict with the Constitution and that the Beretitenti may properly assent to the Act.

Michael N. Takabwebwe The Attorney General

