### IN THE HIGH COURT OF FIJI

#### **AT LAUTOKA**

### [CRIMINAL JURISDICTION]

## High Court Criminal Case No. HAC 125 of 2016

**BETWEEN** 

: STATE

AND

:

:

1. MESAKE SINU LELEWASA

2. SENIVILATI RATUBALAVU

Counsel

Ms Navia

for the State

Ms Vulimainadave

for the Accused

Dates of Hearing :

10 April 2019

Date of Ruling

01 May 2019

# **VOIR DIRE RULING**

- 1. The accused persons in this case are indicted for one count of Aggravated Robbery contrary to Section 311 (1) (a) of the Crimes Act.
- 2. On the 15<sup>th</sup> May 2017, the following grounds of voir dire were filed on behalf of the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused:

- 1. That the accused was threatened by the DC 3525 Mataiasi to confess by uttering the words "if you don't confess you will end up like Suka". The same said Officer threatened him when he choose to remain silent saying "Legal Aid has no power here, we the power and we can force you speak if we want to".
- 2. That the accused felt oppressed as the above named officer would not allow him to eat until he signed the Caution Interview.
- 3. That there was a breach of his Constitutional Rights under Section 13 (d) of the Constitution of the Republic of Fiji 2013.
- 3. This case was taken up for voir dire hearing on the 10<sup>th</sup> April 2019. The Prosecution called two witnesses.
- 4. According to the evidence of DC 3525 Mataiasi, he has interviewed the second accused under caution. The witness said that the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused looked normal and he was comfortable during the caution interview. He also said that all the rights were given to the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused and breaks were given to have his meals. He said that he did not threaten the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused to confess. The witness gave evidence that the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused voluntarily signed the caution interview.
- 5. During the cross-examination, the witness confirmed that Constable Viliame was the witnessing officer during the interview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused. Further in response to the questions put by the counsel for the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused, he said that he complied with the Judge's Rules and the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused was even given a chance to speak to a Legal Aid lawyer. The witness denied that he threatened the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused by saying "if you don't confess, you will end up like Suka". The witness said he doesn't even know who Suka is. The witness denied that the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused wanted to remain

silent and he denied that he threatened the  $2^{nd}$  accused that he would not allow the  $2^{nd}$  accused to have his meals until the Caution Interview is signed.

- 6. The Prosecution witness Detective 4222 Viliame Uqeuqe gave evidence that he was present as the Witnessing Officer when the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused was interviewed. He confirmed that the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused appeared normal. He also said that neither DC Mataiasi nor him threatened the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused during the caution interview. He further confirmed that the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused was given his rights and he was given all his meals during the interview.
- 7. During the cross-examination, the witness denied that DC Mataiasi threatened the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused by uttering the words "if you don't confess, you will end up like Suka". He also denied that the Interviewing Officer threatened the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused by saying, "Legal Aid has no power here".
- 8. After the Prosecution closed its case, the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused decided to remain silent. Also, no witnesses were called to give evidence on behalf of the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused.
- 9. I have considered the evidence adduced by the Prosecution. The Prosecution witnesses corroborated each other's evidence and their evidence could not be discredited. Although it was alleged that the 2<sup>nd</sup> accused was threatened, oppressed and his Constitutional Rights under Section 13 (d) of the Constitution were breached, I am satisfied that the Prosecution has proved beyond reasonable doubt that no such things occurred during the interview.
- 10. I am satisfied that the Prosecution has proved beyond reasonable doubt that the answers recorded in the interview were given by the accused voluntarily. Further I am satisfied that the Prosecution has proved beyond reasonable doubt that those answers recorded were not obtained through oppression or by any other unfair manner.

11. In the circumstances, I decide that the Caution Interview of the  $2^{nd}$  accused recorded on the  $08^{th}$  June 2016 is admissible in evidence.



Rangajeeva Wimalasena Acting Judge

At Lautoka 01st May 2019

Solicitors: Office of the Director of Public Prosecution for State

Office of the Legal Aid Commission for Accused